

FINAL EXAMINATION: 2024-2025

CLASS: IX

SUBJECT: HISTORY/CIVICS

NAME OF STUDENT :

MAX. MARKS : 80

DATE:

TIME : 2 HOURS

NOTE: You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes. This time is to be spent in reading the question paper. The time given at the head of this paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt all questions from Part I (Compulsory)

A total of five questions are to be attempted from Part II, two out of three questions from Section A and three out of five questions from Section B.

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in the brackets []

PART I

Attempt all questions from this Part.

Question 1.

[16]

Choose the correct answers to the questions from the given options.
(Do not copy the question, write the correct answers only.)

- (i) The Constitution is that body of rules and laws according to which a State is governed. Which statements describes the same?
- (a) It was enacted in 1948.
 - (b) It defines and determines the form of the government.
 - (c) It was framed by Aurobindo Ghosh.
 - (d) Dr. Rajendra Prasad was the Chief Secretary.

- (ii) Given below are the details of an Indian voter.

Candidate	Age	Details
P	12	a student of class 8
Q	15	a labourer
R	18	a registered voter
S	17	a rickshaw puller

Select the person who fulfills the eligibility criteria to cast his vote in the forthcoming election.

- (a) P
 - (b) R
 - (c) Q
 - (d) S
- (iii) This was a simultaneous election both for the Lok Sabha and all Legislative Assemblies.
- (a) By-Election
 - (b) Midterm Election
 - (c) General Election
 - (d) Direct Election
- (iv) The Chief Election Commissioner and other Commissioners are appointed by the –
- (a) President
 - (b) Judge of Supreme Court
 - (c) Prime Minister
 - (d) Cabinet Minister
- (v) Identify the apex (highest) body under the Panchayati Raj-
- (a) Panchayat Samiti
 - (b) Gram Panchayat
 - (c) Gram Sabha
 - (d) Zila Parishad
- (vi) Legislative Council: Indirect Election : Legislative Assembly:
- (a) General Election
 - (b) Direct Election
 - (c) Mid-Term Election
 - (d) By-Election



- (vii) Read the two statements below regarding King Ashoka. Select the option that shows the correct relationship between (A) and (R)
 (A): The Kalinga War was the turning point in Ashoka's career.
 (R): From that time onwards he preached nothing but peace and became a follower of Lord Buddha.
- (a) (R) contradicts (A)
 (b) (A) and (R) are true
 (c) (A) is false but (R) is true
 (d) (A) and (R) are independent of each other
- (viii) During the rule of the Tughlaq's, a ruler name X shifted the capital from Delhi to Devagiri. Based on this information name the ruler-
- (a) Alauddin Khilji (b) Malik Kafur
 (c) Mohammad Tughlaq (d) Firoz Shah Tughlaq
- (ix) Name the Imperial Service started by Akbar-
- (a) Mansabdari System (b) Dahsala System
 (c) Sarkari System (d) Riyasat System
- (x) Which of the following is an immediate impact of the Council of Trent?
- (a) Extracting Peter's Pence from the people.
 (b) Joining the Roman Catholic Church
 (c) Excommunication of Martin Luther
 (d) Condemning and Prohibiting Sale of Indulgence
- (xi) Identify the odd one out of the features of the Brihadeswara Temple.
- (a) The outer door-way was flanked by two gigantic dwarfpals.
 (b) It was built in 1000 AD by Rajaraja the Great.
 (c) The dome is a single block of stone weighing about 80 tons.
 (d) It has a secret spot where the relics of Buddha have been enshrined.
- (xii) A college student Pranay is doing a project on a famous reformer whose teachings were based on four Noble Truths and the Eightfold Path. Who is Pranay most likely writing about?
- (a) Mahavira (b) Shankaracharya
 (c) Gautam Buddha (d) Ashoka
- (xiii) _____ adopted the title of Gangaikonda and built a new capital called Gangaikonda Cholapuram.
- (a) Rajaraja – I (b) Rajendra – I
 (c) Kulottunga (d) Amarbhujanga
- (xiv) Our Constitution is based on the principle of Universal Adult Franchise. What is the voting age of an Indian citizen?
- (a) 18 (b) 21
 (c) 14 (d) 22
- (xv) Which of the following statement describes the mission of Francis Xavier?
- (a) He preached among the pearl fishers of India along the East Coast of Southern India.
 (b) He exhorted the Hindus and the Muslims to forget their differences.
 (c) He preached that there is only one God.
 (d) He also discovered the route between Europe and the East.
- (xvi) Which of the following administrative policies of a Mughal ruler ruling over India is most aligned with the policies of Aurangzeb.
- (a) Creating imperial services for the nobles
 (b) Creating healthcare programmes for its citizens.
 (c) Creating facilities for international trade.
 (d) Prioritising military expansion.

Question 2

Read the following statements carefully-

- (i) The government plays a key role in protecting the economic and social well-being of its citizens. [2]
Source: Investopedia
State any two services provided by a Welfare State.
- (ii) Mention any two literary works of Kalidasa. [2]
(iii) Mention any two measures taken by Alauddin for control of market. [2]
(iv) Mention any two features of the land revenue system devised by Todar Mal. [2]
(v) Mention two reasons how seals were a valuable source of information about the Harappans. [2]
(vi) Mention one comparison each between private ownership and state ownership. [2]
(vii) Name any two works of William Shakespeare. [2]

PART II

SECTION-A

Attempt any two questions from this Section

Question 3

India is a vast country in which our democratic structure has three levels of governance – National, State and Grassroot. Rural and Urban local institutions were elected bodies set up to run the civic affairs of a city or village with reference to this, answer the following questions:

- (a) Three civic facilities and welfare functions of Zila Parishad. [3]
(b) Three functions of Municipal Corporation related to Public Works. [3]
(c) Four functions of Gram Sabha. [4]

Question 4

Our Constitution is known as the Fundamental Law of the Land, because it is superior to the ordinary laws enacted by the Parliament or State Legislature. With reference to this, answer the following questions.

- (a) Date of Enforcement of the Constitution. [3]
(b) Single Citizenship [3]
(c) Two Fundamental Rights and Two Duties mentioned in the Constitution. [4]

Question 5

Election is a mechanism by which people can choose their representatives at regular intervals and change them if they wish to do so. These representatives represent them in Parliament or the State Legislature. With reference to this, answer the following -

- (a) What is Direct Election? [3]
(b) Composition and Organisation of the Election Commission. [3]
(c) What is Midterm Election? Mention two categories in which Indirect Election is held. [4]

SECTION-B

Attempt any three questions from this Section

Question 6

The Guptas and the Maurya's were known for their administrative policies and welfare scheme which led the kingdoms to reach great heights. With reference to this, answering the following -

- (a) Three personal attainments of Samudra Gupta [3]
(b) Three important features of Nalanda University [3]
(c) Four fundamental principles of Ashoka's Dhamma. [4]

Question 7

The Arabs entered India as traders and later settled on the western coast of India. The Mughals also entered India and left a legacy of monuments which reveals their distinctive style. With reference to this, answer the following questions-

- (a) Three sources of revenue of the Delhi Sultanate [3]
- (b) Three features of the Mansabdari System. [3]
- (c) Four main features of the Red Fort. [4]

Question 8

Renaissance became an Intellectual movement which brought new developments in every sphere related to literature, religion, philosophy, politics, art and science. With reference to this, answer the following-

- (a) Copernicus and his new theory [3]
- (b) Sale of Indulgences [3]
- (c) The Council of Trent [4]

Question 9

Composite culture relates to several deferent traditions – Classical Hindu tradition and the Islamic and Christian thoughts and beliefs. With reference to this, answer the questions-

- (i) Significance of Bhakti related to Equality [3]
- (ii) St. Francis Xavier as missionary of great eminence [3]
- (iii) The four main stages that a Sufi is required to follow [4]

Question 10



Study this picture carefully and answer the questions that follows :

- (i) Give the name by which The Portrait is known. Name the artist who portrayed it. [3]
- (ii) Impact of Renaissance on art. [3]
- (iii) Mention the main features of this painting. [4]